



The ARP 0108: 2018 & Legal Requirements for the Mining Engineer or responsible Legal Appointee

Presenter: G Schepers





The History of Explosion Prevention









1942 China Benxihu Colliery Explosion (1549 Deceased)

1993 RSA Sasol Middelbult Explosion (53 Deceased)

2010 New Zealand Pike River Explosion (29 Deceased)

The Ex industry is saving lives with clear declining fatalities and incidents

2013 China Babao Coal Mine Explosion (36 + 17 Deceased)







Regulatory Structure for Ex equipment



1) The DMR makes use of the Mine Health & Safety Act as basis for legal requirements. They have taken ownership of the ARP0108 (Regulatory requirements for explosion protected apparatus). They enforce the requirements as listed in these Acts and regulations.



2) DMR approved inspection authority and ATL Mining & Surface certification is responsible for ensuring compliance to the requirements provided by the DMR.



3) Equipment OEM / Repairers design and approve their products according to the standard / regulatory requirements.







4) End users to rely on the continued support from OEM's and repairers to satisfy the requirements of the national standards and regulatory requirements.



Legal Responsibilities – Underground Mining

<u>Department of Mineral Resources (DMR)</u>

<u>Mine Health and Safety Act No 29 of 1996 and Regulations (Revised 12th Edition)</u>

<u>Regulations Chapter 3</u>

- 3.37 The employer must take reasonably practicable measures to ensure that all electrical apparatus used in hazardous area shall be explosion protected and certified by an inspection authority (IA) certificate issued by an accredited test laboratory.
- The employer shall take reasonably practicable measures to ensure that any type and design of explosion protected apparatus shall at all times be identified in an inspection authority (IA certificate and an identification number shall be allocated to such apparatus by the accredited test laboratory.
- The employer shall take reasonably practicable measures to ensure that explosion protected apparatus is not used at a mine unless the manager is in possession of a copy of the inspection authority certificate. The identification number referred to in regulation 3.36 must be clearly and indelibly marked on the apparatus or on a metal plate (other than a light metal) permanently fixed to the apparatus.



Legal Responsibilities - Underground Mining Cont.

<u>Department of Minerals and Energy (DME),</u> (Mines Health and Safety ACT) MHS ACT:

Regulation 2(1) of MHS Act (Act 29 of 1996) (Mines Health and Safety)

- 21.17.1 The manager shall <u>identify and define any hazardous area</u> record it on a plan or in a register provided for that purpose.
- 21.17.2 Electrical apparatus used in a hazardous area shall be <u>explosion protected and certified as such in a test</u> report by an inspection authority approved by the Chief Inspector.
- 21.17.5 If any <u>repair or modification</u> which may affect its explosive-protected apparatus characteristics NOT by an organization not licensed by the approved inspection authority, the apparatus shall not be put into service in a hazardous area unless a <u>new test report</u> has been issued by the inspection authority.
- 21.17.6 All persons operating, running and maintaining explosion-protected apparatus are <u>properly</u> instructed



From the ARP0108

What is an ATL.?

Accredited test laboratory (ATL)

Test laboratory that is accredited by a **government-endorsed accreditation** body, and approved by the relevant regulator(s) to carry out tests and certification of Explosion protected equipment.

Who issues a COC / DOC for a flameproof enclosure?

Declaration of conformance (DOC)

Document supplied by a manufacturer or a repairer that is a **member of a mark scheme**, declaring that the equipment covered by the declaration has been manufactured or repaired in accordance with the requirements of the mark scheme

NOTE: Approved Inspection Authority (AIA) IS NOT formally defined for mining.



What is an I.A. Certificate?

IA certificate

National certificate issued for Ex equipment by an ATL endorsing conformance with the relevant national standards

NOTE 1: IA certificates apply to both surface (Group II and Group III) and mining (Group I) applications.

NOTE 2: The entity who submits the equipment for testing, and in whose name the certificate is issued is described as the "certificate holder", the issuing ATL is the legal owner of the certificate.

Do we have all relevant IA certificates on-site? If the answer is no, this could possibly lead to a section 54.

Can a COC / DOC from the supplier replace an I.A. certificate? The answer is no, many OEM's / Suppliers fail to present the IA certificate with equipment supplied to mines



Is my certificate valid?

ANNEX A: Upgrading and maintenance of EPA certificates for mines and factories *(normative)*

A.1 In South Africa, all explosion protection equipment (EPA) used in **underground mines** (Group I) and on the surface (Groups II and III) shall be covered by an **IA certificate**. This includes machines; to qualify for certification a machine shall be made up of equipment with valid certification. The requirements given in A.2 to A.19 cover the validity of IA certificates.

A.2 All IA certificates issued shall have a validity period of **10** years for manufacturing purposes. EPA having been manufactured under a valid IA certificate will not be affected when the certificate expires; in other words, such products will be considered to still have valid certification. An IA certificate based on overseas certification will be valid, depending on the continued validity of the **overseas equipment** certification as well as product quality assurance, for a maximum period of **three years**. It is the responsibility of the IA certificate holder to ensure that an updated quality system certificate is submitted to the relevant ATL if the validity period is less than three years.



How is my certification affected if equipment is modified? Am I legally compliant?

A.3 If, during a validity period or if the equipment is in service after its certificate has expired, the product is *modified or changed* the equipment shall be re-evaluated, this shall be done by an ATL and re-certified. This *re-evaluation or re-certification* (*or both*) shall take into account the *current edition* of the national standard used for certification and the complete product shall meet the requirements of that standard.

Note: Internal electrical layouts change, components are added, different components utilized by mine employees etc.



Product Modifications

Changing a PSU type / supplier on a methane system even though both are approved devices?

5.8 Intrinsically safe systems (loops) shall be type approved to SANS 60079-25 by an ATL.

A.10 In cases where any system safety parameter of an intrinsically safe apparatus *is changed*, consideration shall be given to the safety of the loops in which the apparatus is used, and such loops shall be re-certified.



Guidance for the repair of Ex equipment?

A.5 Repairs and overhauls shall be carried out in such a way that they will *not invalidate the IA certificate*. Repairs and overhauls carried out by a party other than the certificate holder, where the repairer or overhauler is not in possession of the certification documents, shall be carried out in such a manner that the product meets the *minimum requirements of the applicable national standards* to which the product was originally certified, or any more recent edition.



Repair of Ex equipment cont.

A repair facility shall either be **certified** under an approved product certification scheme to repair or overhaul specific EPA, or shall submit repaired products for batch testing. A declaration of conformance (**DOC**) **shall be issued** by the repairer with each repaired product.

A repairer of Ex equipment that is a member of a product **certification scheme** shall operate in accordance with an appropriate quality system such as SANS 9001. The requirements of the IECEx operational document No.

Ex OD014 Version 2 (see bibliography) can be used as a guideline, and are based on SANS 9001, with the addition of specific repair requirements for Ex equipment.



Repair of Ex equipment cont.

A.6 Should a product be modified or changed in such a way that it no longer complies with the certified design, it shall be resubmitted to an ATL for re-evaluation.

This re-evaluation shall take into account the current national standard and the product shall comply with that standard.

This applies to newly manufactured as well as **second-hand products**.



V/VM Numbers?

A.7 Existing IA certificates and government mining engineer (GME) certificates (the latter associated with V or VM numbers) issued a) before 1998 are no longer valid, and



b) after 1998 (only IA certificates), shall not be valid after October 2015.

New IA certificates shall have a validity period of 10 years from the date of issue. The date of issue and the date of expiry shall be stated on new certificates.

From Annex K:

K4 All GME certificates previously numbered V or VM have expired in October 2010 and therefore *no new equipment* may have any of these numbers displayed on them.



Is a repaired enclosure marked? Who repaired it?

- **A.13** Any repairer shall attach to the product a durable, legible and noticeable label that gives at least the following information:
- a) the repairer's certificate number (when operating under an approved product certification mark scheme for Ex certified equipment);
- b) the IA certificate number;
- c) the name of the repairer; and
- d) the month and year of repair or overhaul.

A.14 The label fitted by *the original* equipment manufacturer (OEM) *shall not be removed*, but labels fitted by previous repairers shall be removed. If the OEM label is missing, the repairer may submit the finished product to an ATL and have the product re-certified to the current national standards. In this case, the repairer shall fit a supplier's plate displaying the new IA certificate number.



What about second hand equipment?

A.15 When EPA subject to the relevant national legislation (see foreword) changes ownership, the seller shall provide the IA certificate plus either a mark scheme certificate or a batch test report providing proof of certification (see clause 4), to the buyer. The buyer shall ensure that the relevant documentation is submitted. The seller shall ensure that the equipment is compliant with the approved design. If these requirements are not fully met, the equipment shall be considered to be un-certified and shall be submitted to an ATL for re-testing to the approved standards and shall be issued with a new IA certificate number, in accordance with the relevant national legislation (see foreword).

Is secondhand equipment with a VM number valid? The ARP0108 will allow ATL's to re-certify the equipment thereafter IA numbers will be allocated to such apparatus given that they comply with the latest edition of the national standards. See next slide.



- **A.18** When the equipment described in A.17 is submitted for repair or refurbishment and proof of previous national certification exists, an IA certificate shall be issued as follows:
- a) For repairers operating under a mark scheme, a *special IA certificate* (see 3.1.21) covering that type of product shall be issued in the name of the repairer, after assessment by an ATL.
- b) For repairers *not operating under a mark scheme*, a special IA certificate covering that particular *unit (serial number)* will be issued in the name of the end user after assessment by an ATL. Repairs of other units of the same type of product will require a new IA certificate to be issued after assessment by an ATL of those units. Otherwise the product shall be treated as a prototype.



DMR Appointed ATL



IA Certificate Example

- ✓ A single certificate can cover a range or multiple units
- ✓ A certificate must be delivered with the product from the supplier
- ✓ Machines and assemblies qualify for a certificate as well
- ✓ Do not confuse COC/DOC with IA certificates!!!

Marking to correspond with equipment labeling

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Apparatus in hazardous locations is subject to the following provisions as applicable, which shall be adhered to:

SANS 1008 requirements:

Are condition mentioned in the above certificate:

Any conditions meritioned in the above certificate;

Any relevant requirements of the MHS Act and code of practice enforced in terms,

of regulations 21.17.2 of the minerals act.

Any restrictions and conditions enforced by the chief impactor of mines, principal
inspector (Force) or columned to relief inspector of factories (Group II equipment).

This certificate may only be reproduced in full.
This certificate is not transferable and remains the property of the issuing to
Mining And Surface Certification (Phy) Ltd
Unit 5 Lokylo Pak, 45 Jun Ane, Homoopsook Ext 87

Additional accreditation



Batch Report Example

- ✓ Issued to clients after successful batch testing
- ✓ Issued to clients who do not have a Mark scheme / Permit
- ✓ A copy of the batch report and IA certificate must be delivered
 with the product from the supplier
- ✓ Batch report will list all serial numbers covered by the batch approval. Note: Not all serial numbers listed on the batch report will be for equipment supplied to a specific mine / company.

Mining And Surface Certification CC

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MASC Report No 12-848

6. CONCLUSIONS

The units as described in Paragraph 2 above COMPLIED with the requirements set out in the type approval documentation.

Approved explosion protection rating : Ex e I IIC T6 Gb

: Ex tD A21/A22 T85°C IP65 Db

Inspection Authority Certificate : SAEx S/11-192X

Special conditions of use (X):

- Only Ex e (or Ex de) certified cable glands shall be used as cable entries. Any unused gland entries shall be plugged with certified Exe blanking plugs.
- Only WDU 2.5 / 4 Ex e (or Ex I) certified terminals may be fitted inside the enclosure and the maximum certified current per terminal shall not be exceeded.
- The number of terminals and current per terminals shall be such that ni<0.6NI, where:

N is the maximum number of terminals that can physically safely be installed in the enclosure

- I is the certified rating of the terminal (21A for WDU 2.5 / 4)
- n is the actual number of terminals
- I is the actual current per terminal
- The installation of cable glands and blanking plugs shall be done in such a way that the IP65 rating of the enclosure is maintained.
- Only fixing lugs provided by the manufacturer may be used.
- The Ex I rating of the enclosure is only applicable when blue Ex certified terminals are used and if all circuits entering and exiting the terminal box are intrinsic safe.
- All non current carrying conductive components shall be bonded to the earth terminal.

8. VALIDITY OF THIS REPORT

This report only covers the serial numbers of the equipment listed in this report. Other identical units will be covered by additional testing and/or inspection.

Any modification to the equipment, or exceeding its ratings, or using another atmospheres as described in the original type approval, will invalidate the applicability of this report to these units

F du Toit Technical specialist A Dunckley TECHNICAL OFFICER

Mining And Surface Certification

This chouse of it is used based on Minim And Surface Cartification's Standard Contract terms and conditions available or sequences.

While every endeasour is made to ensure that is separational in representative and accurately performed, and that is export a accurate in the quited results and conclusions desert from the feet / assessment, MASC or its memberskepsigness shall in no way be labele for any error made in compling out the less / assessment or for any error result statement, whether in that or in opinion, contained in a report issued pursuant to a less / assessment.

MMCC bies so responsibilly for any non-conformances, exclusions or any results / assessments sor in compliance with the standards. By manifeig the equipment in accordance with se documentation / described, the manufacture researce on to one responsibility that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the equipment in equipment of the research standards and that the nuclear exclusion exclusions are offered in a contraction of the exclusion exclusion exclusion and the exclusion exclusion exclusion exclusion and the exclusion of the exclusion exclusion of the exclusio

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Mining And Surface Certification CC Reg No: 2008/202081/23

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Telt: 012 953 2950 o Fax: 086 805 8568



Example: Permit





Example: Machine Certificate



A **Proximity Detection Intervention** system was additionally installed on the originally certified machine. The following equipment was installed:

QTY:	Description:	Manufacturer:	IA Number:
1	FLP Display Unit		MASC M/19-0575X
3	Solenoid and Solenoid block		MASC M/19-4566X



Certificate Number:

20 January 2020

DMR Appointed Inspection Authority

INSPECTION AUTHORITY CERTIFICATE

THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED AS AN LA. CERTIFICATE IN TERMS OF THE RELEVANT REGULATIONS OF THE MINERALS ACT (INCORPORATING THE MINE HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT) AND THE ELECTRICAL MACHINERY REGULATIONS OF THE OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT.

IA Certificate number:	MASC M/20-5036X	
Equipment Supplied by:	Giencore - TUGO (Ngala Section)	
Applicant:	Expert Mining Solutions cc	
Address:	19 Woltemade Street	
	Witbank 1034	
	South Africa	

Equipment: Wright Load Haul Dump Machine

Barlows 356

Serial Number (Mine)

Serial Number (OEM) GLHD0042 Ex rating(s): Ex db | Mb Original Machin M-XPL/19-1608

identified by inspection Authority number

MASC M/20-5038X

(This certificate to be kept on record in the machine file for reference)

DESCRIPTION:

A Proximity Detection Intervention system was additionally installed on the originally certified machine. The following equipment was installed:

	QTY:	Description:	Manufacturer:	IA Number:
	1	FLP Display Unit	Ridgeback	MASC M/10-0575X
Γ	3	Solenoid and Solenoid block	Uzobe	MASC M/19-4586X

The machine is hereby certified "Explosion Protected", suitable for use in hazardous locations and environment at limiting temperatures, fault categories and hazard occurrence frequencies as stated below, all as determined during tests and inspections conducted in accordance with the relevant requirements of the standards. specifications or regulations listed in the table below:

	"The installation, inspection and maintenance of equipment used in explosive atmospheres – Part 2: Electrical equipment installed underground in mines"
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Mining And Surface Certification (Pty) Ltd Reg No: 2015/021934/07 Members: Roelof Vilicen & Françoius du Tot Unit #5, Lelyte Park, 45 Jurg Avenue, Hernopepark Ext 87, Centurion, 0157 9 P.O. Box 14344, Clubview, 0014 Tel: 012 683 2989 0 Fax: 086 606 8568 e-mail: Info@masc-ex.co.za



Example of a Equipment Audit conducted by MASC

	Machine OEM / Supplier:	Machine Description:	Machine Type:	Machine Serial No (OEM):	Machine Serial No (Mine):	Machine IA Certificate No:	Machine Report No:	File Attachment:	Comment:
								-	
1									
									Machine IA
								Coal Batch	Certificate
								Report 12HM9.	not on
	Central	Continuous Miner	12HM9	N/A	1442	M-XPL/14.0299	XPL/20961/19.1606	<u>pdf</u>	record

Right Traction Motor	22KW 250VI	OC .	VM 991
Conveyor Motor	19kW 950V	SABS	SABS M787/K481
Socket	200A Victor		VM1013
Left Emergecy Stop	CT105A	SABS	SABS MS/R611
Control Station	CT160		VM1234
Crusher Motor	75kW	SABS	SABS MS787/K154
Pilot Relay	TRF	SAEx	SA Ex M/04-044X
Plug	200A Victor	SABS	SABS M/V654X
Siren	HSHC	SABS	SABS MS/05-217
Main Panel	F/B/P	SABS	SABS M/T565
Siren	HSHC	SABS	SABS MS787/K737
Main Panel	F/B/P	SABS	SABS M/S514
Lights	E.D.S	SABS	SABS MS/P468

VM No. Not allowed on new production machines!

Documents digitally scanned in and linked to table for easy access



COC/DOC Example

Note: IA certificates are still required for equipment, the COC/DOC alone wont suffice

	FLAMEPR	TION REPORT F	RES		Q11 F01
•		TO SANS 6007 TE OF CONFOR			Rev 8
JOB N	o: JOE 03388	CUSTOMER: M	1110		
DATE:	25/06/2019	TYPE CABLE R	GEL		
GME/	IANO SARS MILLYZ	SERIAL NO.: Ja	033	88/1	
EX INS	PECTORS NAME AND SIGNATURE:	TEMP RATING 150 AREA CLASSIFICA EX d 1 Mb		COMPLY	COMPLY NO
No	TASK DESCRIPTION	•			
А	CHECK ALL FLANGES IN ACCORDANCE WON ALL COVERS AND THOSE FOR FIXING FLANGES FOR FIXING AUXILIARY BOXES.	SOCKETS OF PLUG-	OW. TH	HIS INCLUDE TS CONNEC	S FLANGES TORS AND
В	CHECK ALL BOLT HOLES IN ACCORDANC INCLUDES BOLT HOLES FOR COVERS AN BOXES.	E WITH SECTION 'A' A D DOORS, FOR FIXIN	ND 'B' G SOC	BELOW. TH KETS AND A	IIS UXILIARY
С	CHECK ALL OPERATING RODS ARE IN AC	CORDANCE WITH SE	CTION	'C' BELOW.	
D	CHECK ALL TERMINALS AND BUSHES IN A INCLUDES ALL THE TERMINALS AND BUS FOR PILOT AND OTHER CIRCUITS.	ACCORDANCE WITH HES FOR THE POWER	ECTIO WIRIN	N 'D' BELOW	AS THOSE
Е	APPLICABLE INSTRUMENTS VALIDATED	Yes	-		
F	TEMPERATURE, FASTENERS, (BOLTS), GL	AND ENTRIES - REF	ER TO	ANNEXURE,	A
NOTE:	THIS CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY WILL I ED OR INTERFERED WITH BY ANY UNAUTHO	BE NULL AND VOID IF	THE E	x COMPONE	NTIS
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/NA		,			
MA OGN	ac \	,			1

AJACK CA	SECTIO			Q11 FOA
EN	ICLOSURE	GENER	AL	REV. 4
CHECK	CORRECT	FAULTY	IF FAULTY WE	
. With internal components in place can pressure pilling occur				
Does the enclosure wall have any cracks or damage			1	
Are there any unblinced holes in the enclosure walls or covers				
	L			
. Are all welds sound	L			
Are the holes in the enclosure walls or covers blank with at least 3mm of metal at the bottom (or one third of the diameter of the hole whichever is more)				
Are all bolts present on covers and attached parts, and are these bolts undamaged and the correct length	L-			
Are the screw threads in tapped holes undamaged			*	
Bolt engagement at least equal or more than bolt diameter.				,
If the cover is a screwed cover are there at least five full threads that engage and their depth at least 8mm deep	Lio	,		



What is the meaning of the "U" and "X" behind your IA numbers?

C.2.2.3 The certificate number could be followed by one of the following identification letters:

X: The applicable specific conditions at the letter-symbol X should be ascertained from the contents of the certificate.

U: An incomplete piece of explosion-protected apparatus or component (for example, unequipped enclosures, lamp holders, contact blocks, terminals, plugs, reducers, and impregnation materials).

Are we ensuring compliance w.r.t the installation rules / conditions for equipment IA numbers marked with an "X"? Are we noticing that fully populated enclosures with IA numbers marked with a "U" is actually incomplete and require final certification?



New Annex K from the ARP0108 States:

ANNEX K: Validity of IA certificates *(normative)*

K1 All electrical equipment used as Explosion Protected Equipment (EPA) must have an Inspection Authority (IA) certificate.

K2 The IA certificate for a piece of equipment or a machine or assembly must list the IA certificate numbers and details of the individual EPA components or equipment installed on that equipment, machine or assembly.

K3 All IA certificates have a validity period which is reflected on the IA certificate.

K4 All GME certificates previously numbered V or VM have expired in October 2010 and therefore no new equipment may have any of these numbers displayed on them.



K5 For equipment that is still in use and has not been refurbished, overhauled or repaired, the original IA certification is still valid.

K6 Refurbished includes that the EPA that has been stripped and installed is the original IA certified components / equipment.

K7 Overhauled/repaired means that the EPA has been stripped and reworked (e.g. Resoldering on intrinsic safety boards, skimming of flameproof enclosure surfaces, tapping or threading of entries in EPA enclosures, changing of internal components in EPA equipment, etc.).



K8 Overhaul or repair of EPA Equipment or machines must be carried out by an approved mark holder or recertified by an Accredited Test Laboratory (See SANS 10086-3 "The installation. Inspection and maintenance of equipment used in explosive atmospheres").

K9 If equipment that has been overhauled or repaired is labelled with the V or VM number, this piece of equipment must be recertified by an accredited test laboratory and labelled with an IA certificate number.

K10 When equipment is sold by a mine to another mine the mine that is selling the equipment takes the responsibility of Section 21 of the MHSA. According to Section 21, that means that the seller (as the supplier) must ensure that the equipment is safe to use if used as prescribed and that all the EPA equipment has valid certification.



K11 Equipment may be inspected by competent personnel, but IA certificates may only be issued by an ATL.

K12 An ATL can only carry out batch testing of equipment for a specific standard / Ex technique if that ATL has been SANAS accredited to test and certify to that standard. The batch testing can only be carried out against a valid IA certificate.

K13 If an ATL is carrying out conversion certification i.e. The conversion of overseas certification to a national IA certificate, the ATL must be SANAS accredited for that Extechnique.



THE END

For further information, please do not hesitate to contact me

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